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# CHAPEL TUTORIAL FOR PYTHON PROGRAMMERS: PRODUCTIVITY AND PERFORMANCE IN ONE LANGUAGE

Michelle Strout and Chapel team members RMACC Rocky Mountain Advanced Computing Consortium May 18, 2023

# HOW TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS TUTORIAL

- **Poll Everywhere link**: <u>pollev.com/michellestrout402</u>
  - There will be fun questions throughout the tutorial
- Attempt this Online website for running Chapel code
  - Go to main Chapel webpage at <a href="https://chapel-lang.org/">https://chapel-lang.org/</a>
  - Click on the little ATO icon on the lower left that is above the YouTube icon

#### Using a container on your laptop

- First, install docker or podman for your machine and then start them up
- Then, the below commands work with docker (see github README.md for podman)

docker pull docker.io/chapel/chapel # takes about 5 minutes cd ChapelForPythonProgrammersMay2023 # assuming git clone has happened docker run --rm -v "\$PWD":/myapp -w /myapp chapel/chapel chpl hello.chpl docker run --rm -v "\$PWD":/myapp -w /myapp chapel/chapel ./hello

See <u>https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor</u> <u>PythonProgrammersMay2023</u> for more info and for example code.

## **CHAPEL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE**

Chapel is a general-purpose programming language that provides ease of parallel programming, high performance, and portability.

And is being used in applications in various ways:

refactoring existing codes,

developing new codes,

serving high performance to Python codes (Chapel server with Python client), and providing distributed and shared memory parallelism for existing codes.

#### **APPLICATIONS OF CHAPEL**



**CHAMPS: 3D Unstructured CFD** Laurendeau, Bourgault-Côté, Parenteau, Plante, et al. École Polytechnique Montréal



Lattice-Symmetries: a Quantum Many-Body Toolbox Desk dot chpl: Utilities for Environmental Eng.

Tom Westerhout Radboud University



**Chapel-based Hydrological Model Calibration** Marjan Asgari et al. University of Guelph

Python3 Client	ZMQ	Chapel Server						
	30CKet		. b	Dispat	cher			
<ul> <li>E. S. E. S. S.</li></ul>	Code Modules	Indexing	Arithmetic	Sorting	Generation	0/1		
*	Distributed Object Store	Meta	P SMI	Distril	outed a	Array	etc.	

Arkouda: Interactive Data Science at Massive Scale Mike Merrill, Bill Reus, et al. U.S. DoD



Nelson Luis Dias The Federal University of Paraná, Brazil



**CrayAl HyperParameter Optimization (HPO)** Ben Albrecht et al. Cray Inc. / HPE



**ChOp: Chapel-based Optimization** T. Carneiro, G. Helbecque, N. Melab, et al. INRIA, IMEC, et al.



**RapidQ: Mapping Coral Biodiversity** Rebecca Green, Helen Fox, Scott Bachman, et al. The Coral Reef Alliance



CHGL: Chapel Hypergraph Library Louis Jenkins, Cliff Joslyn, Jesun Firoz, et al. PNNL



**ChplUltra: Simulating Ultralight Dark Matter** Nikhil Padmanabhan, J. Luna Zagorac, et al. Yale University et al.



**ChapQG: Layered Quasigeostrophic CFD** Ian Grooms and Scott Bachman University of Colorado, Boulder et al.



Your Application Here?

(images provided by their respective teams and used with permission)

### **HIGHLIGHTS OF CHAPEL USAGE**

**CHAMPS:** Computational Fluid Dynamics framework for airplane simulation

- Professor Eric Laurendeau's team at Polytechnique Montreal
- Performance: achieves competitive results w.r.t. established, world-class frameworks from Stanford, MIT, etc.
- Programmability: "We ask students at the master's degree to do stuff that would take 2 years and they do it in 3 months."

Arkouda: data analytics framework (<u>https://github.com/Bears-R-Us/arkouda</u>)

- Mike Merrill, Bill Reus, et al., US DOD
- Python front end client, Chapel server that processes dozens of terabytes in seconds
- April 2023: 1200 GiB/s for argsort on an HPE EX system

#### Recent Journal Paper on using Chapel for calibrating hydrologic models

- Marjan Asgari et al, "Development of a knowledge-sharing parallel computing approach for calibrating distributed watershed hydrologic models", Environmental Modeling and Software.
- They report super-linear speedup







#### INTRODUCTIONS

- Let's take some time to introduce ourselves
  - Michelle Strout
    - Chapel team leader
    - Affiliate faculty in the Department of Computer Science at UArizona
  - Current Chapel team \_\_\_\_\_
    - Tech Lead: Brad Chamberlain
    - Visiting Scholar from NCAR: Scott Bachman
  - Participants, tell us some about yourself
    - Your institution
    - Proudest HPC accomplishment
    - Biggest HPC challenge



## LEARNING OBJECTIVES FOR TODAY'S TUTORIAL

- Compile and run Chapel programs in a web browser and/or on your laptop
- Familiarity with the Chapel execution model including how to run codes in parallel on a single node, across nodes, and both
- Experiment compiling and running provided Chapel code examples
  - k-mer counting (bioinformatics application)
  - Processing files in parallel using parallelism over multiple nodes and threads
  - Solving a diffusion PDE (partial differential equation)
  - Image processing (coral reef diversity example)
  - Same code can be compiled to run on a multi-core CPU AND a GPU
- Where to get help and how you can participate in the Chapel community



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> Try one of these options for using Chapel

See <u>https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor</u> <u>PythonProgrammersMay2023</u> for more info and for example code.

() 🎽

# Which option did you choose to try out Chapel during this tutorial?

**Attempt This Online** 

Container on your laptop

Doing the polls and watching a neighbor

Learning from the examples in the slides

### **PARALLELISM ACROSS NODES AND WITHIN NODES**

#### Parallel hello world

• ExamplesInSlides/hellopar.chpl

#### • Key concepts

- 'coforall'
- configuration constants, 'config const'
- range values, '0..#tasksPerLocale'
- 'writeln'
- inline comments start with '//'

// can be set on the command line with --tasksPerLocale=2
config const tasksPerLocale = 1;

// parallel loops over nodes and then over threads
coforall loc in Locales do on loc {
 coforall tid in 0..#tasksPerLocale {

writeln("Hello world! ", "(from task ", tid, " of ", tasksPerLocale, " on locale ", here.id, " of ", numLocales, ")" );

### **CHAPEL EXECUTION MODEL AND TERMINOLOGY: LOCALES**

- Locales can run tasks and store variables
  - Think "compute node" on a parallel system
  - User specifies number of locales on executable's command-line





hello Task Par.chpl

a 'coforall' loop executes each iteration as an independent task

prompt> chpl helloTaskPar.chpl								
prompt> ./helloTaskPar								
Hello	from	task	1	of	4	on	n1032	
Hello	from	task	4	of	4	on	n1032	
Hello	from	task	3	of	4	on	n1032	
Hello	from	task	2	of	4	on	n1032	

prompt> chpl helloTaskPar.chpl									
prompt> ./helloTaskPar									
Hello	from	task	1	of	4	on	n1032		
Hello	from	task	4	of	4	on	n1032		
Hello	from	task	3	of	4	on	n1032		
Hello	from	task	2	of	4	on	n1032		

#### So far, this is a shared-memory program

Nothing refers to remote locales, explicitly or implicitly

#### **TASK-PARALLEL "HELLO WORLD" (DISTRIBUTED VERSION)**

helloTaskPar.chpl

```
coforall loc in Locales {
   on loc {
     const numTasks = here.numPUs();
     coforall tid in 1..numTasks do
     writef("Hello from task %n of %n on %s\n",
        tid, numTasks, here.name);
}
```

#### **TASK-PARALLEL "HELLO WORLD" (DISTRIBUTED VERSION)**



# Which Chapel code does the same thing as this python

А

B



5

# Α

var x = 42;var str = "answer"; writeln(str, " = ", x);

#### B

config const tasksPerLocale = 2; coforall tid in 0..#tasksPerLocale { var message = "answer = "; message += 42:string; writeln(message);

```
var x = 42;
var str = "answer";
coforall loc in Locales {
  on loc {
   writeln(x, " = ", str);
```

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app

## **K-MER COUNTING FROM BIOINFORMATICS**



## **EXPERIMENTING WITH THE K-MER EXAMPLE**

Some things to try out with 'ExamplesInSlides/kmer.chpl'

chpl kmer.chpl
./kmer

./kmer --k=10

- ./kmer --infilename="kmer.chpl"
- ./kmer --k=10 --infilename="kmer.chpl"

https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor PythonProgrammersMay2023 for more info and for example code.

# can change k

See

- # can change the infilename
- # can change both

# What Chapel code does the same thing as this python code? A



// declare a dictionary/map to store the count per kmer
var nkmerCounts : map(string, int);

// count up the number of times each kmer occurs
for ind in 0..<(sequence.size-k) {
 nkmerCounts[sequence[ind..#k]] += 1;</pre>

#### В

```
var sequence, line : string;
var f = open(infilename, ioMode.r);
var infile = f.reader();
while infile.readLine(line) {
   sequence += line.strip();
```

#### С

use List, IO;

```
var line : string;
var lines : list(string);
var infile = open("filename.txt",ioMode.r).reader();
while infile.readLine(line) {
    lines.append(line.strip());
}
```

#### writeln(lines);

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app

# 2D DIFFUSION PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION EXAMPLE

- See 'ExamplesInSlides/diffusion.chpl' in the repository
- Some things to try out with 'diffusion.chpl'

```
chpl diffusion.chpl
./diffusion
```

```
--xLen=4 --yLen=4 --nx=61 --ny=61
```

--nu=0.025

--nt=100

See <u>https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor</u> <u>PythonProgrammersMay2023</u> for more info and for example code.

# doubles the size of the domain
# along each dimension, keeping the
# density of points the same

# reduces the fluid viscosity

# twice as many timesteps

# Based on this code, we can conclude that Chapel can do summation, min, and max reductions over lists and arrays.

```
var oneDimArray : [1..4] int = [20, 30, 40, 50];
writeln("oneDimArray = ", oneDimArray);
writeln("+ reduce oneDimArray = ", + reduce oneDimArray);
use List;
var aList;
var aList : list(real) = new list([50, 20, 30, 40]);
writeln("aList = ", aList);
writeln("min reduce aList = ", min reduce aList);
```

# True False

### WRITING OUT EVERYTHING EXAMPLE

- See 'ExamplesInSlides/writeInExamples.chpl' in the repository
- Key points
  - The Chapel compiler provides default 'writeThis' routines for every standard library and user-defined datatype
  - This helps enable "printf" debugging through the use of 'writeln' calls

See https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor PythonProgrammersMay2023 for more info and for example code.

## ANALYZING MULTIPLE FILES USING PARALLELISM



#### **PROCESSING FILES IN PARALLEL**

• See 'ExamplesInSlides/parfilekmer.chpl' in the repository

#### • Some things to try out with 'parfilekmer.chpl'

```
# put more and bigger files into DataDir/
# or set the config const dir to something else
chpl parfilekmer.chpl
./parfilekmer --dir="SomethingElse/"
```

```
./parfilekmer --k=10
```

See https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor PythonProgrammersMay2023 for more info and for example code.

# can also change k

# What does the following Chapel code do?

```
var array = [1, 2, 3, 4];
var result = "";
for num in array {
  result += num:string + ":";
}
result = result[0..#result.size-1];
var sum : int;
for substr in result.split(":") {
  sum += substr : int;
writeln("sum = ", sum);
```

Converts an array of strings to integers and then prints their sum.

Converts an array of integers to strings, concatenates them with a colon in-between, then splits that string and sums up resulting integers.

Sums an array of integers and then concatenates them into a string.

Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app

#### IMAGE PROCESSING EXAMPLE

- See 'image\_analysis\_example/' subdirectory in the repository
  - Coral reef diversity analysis written by Scott Bachman
  - Calls out to libpng to read and write PNG files
  - Uses distributed and shared memory parallelism

See https://github.com/mstrout/ChapelFor PythonProgrammersMay2023 for more info and for example code.

#### • 'image\_analysis\_example/README.md' explains how to compile and run it

• Some things to try out when running 'main'

./main -nl 4 --inname=Roatan\_benthic\_r3\_gray.png --outname=out1.png --radius=10

./main -nl 4 --inname=Roatan\_benthic\_r3\_gray.png --outname=out2.png --radius=100

# Can also change the number of locales, but only up to the -N number given to salloc

## **GPU SUPPORT IN CHAPEL**

#### Generate code for GPUs

- Support for NVIDIA and AMD GPUs
- Exploring Intel support

#### Chapel code calling CUDA examples

- <u>https://github.com/chapel-</u> lang/chapel/blob/main/test/gpu/interop/stream/streamChpl.chpl
- <u>https://github.com/chapel-</u> lang/chapel/blob/main/test/gpu/interop/cuBLAS/cuBLAS.chpl

#### • Key concepts

- Using the 'locale' concept to indicate execution and data allocation on GPUs
- 'forall' and 'foreach' loops will be converted to kernels
- Arrays declared in 'on here.gpus[i]' blocks are allocated on the GPU

#### • For more info...

<u>https://chapel-lang.org/docs/technotes/gpu.html</u>

```
use GpuDiagnostics;
startGpuDiagnostics();
```

```
var operateOn =
   if here.gpus.size>0 then here.gpus
        else [here,];
```

```
// Same code can run on GPU or CPU
coforall loc in operateOn do on loc {
  var A : [1..10] int;
  foreach a in A do a+=1;
  writeln(A);
}
```

```
stopGpuDiagnostics();
writeln(getGpuDiagnostics());
```

## **STREAM TRIAD: SHARED MEMORY**



#### So far, this is simply a multi-core program

Nothing refers to remote locales (nodes), explicitly or implicitly

#### **STREAM TRIAD: DISTRIBUTED MEMORY**



#### This is a CPU-only program

Nothing refers to GPUs, explicitly or implicitly

#### STREAM TRIAD: DISTRIBUTED MEMORY, GPUS ONLY



#### STREAM TRIAD: DISTRIBUTED MEMORY, GPUS AND CPUS



## STREAM TRIAD: DISTRIBUTED MEMORY, GPUS AND CPUS (REFACTOR)



## **STREAM TRIAD: PERFORMANCE VS. REFERENCE VERSIONS**



#### Performance vs. reference versions has become increasingly competitive over the past 4 months

### **OTHER CHAPEL EXAMPLES**

- Primers
  - <u>https://chapel-lang.org/docs/primers/index.html</u>
- Blog posts for Advent of Code
  - https://chapel-lang.org/blog/index.html
- Test directory in main repository
  - <u>https://github.com/chapel-lang/chapel/tree/main/test</u>

## **TUTORIAL SUMMARY**

#### Takeaways

- Chapel is a general-purpose programming language designed to leverage parallelism
- It is being used in some large production codes
- Our team is responsive to user questions and would enjoy having you participate in our community

#### • How to get more help

- Ask us questions on discourse, gitter, or stack overflow
- Also feel free to email me at michelle.strout@hpe.com

#### Engaging with the community

- Share your sample codes with us and your research community!
- Join us at our free, virtual workshop in June, https://chapel-lang.org/CHIUW.html

#### **CHAPEL RESOURCES**

#### Chapel homepage: <u>https://chapel-lang.org</u>

• (points to all other resources)

#### Social Media:

- Twitter: <u>@ChapelLanguage</u>
- Facebook: <u>@ChapelLanguage</u>
- YouTube: <a href="http://www.youtube.com/c/ChapelParallelProgrammingLanguage">http://www.youtube.com/c/ChapelParallelProgrammingLanguage</a>

#### **Community Discussion / Support:**

- Discourse: <a href="https://chapel.discourse.group/">https://chapel.discourse.group/</a>
- Gitter: <a href="https://gitter.im/chapel-lang/chapel">https://gitter.im/chapel-lang/chapel</a>
- Stack Overflow: <a href="https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/chapel">https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/chapel</a>
- GitHub Issues: <a href="https://github.com/chapel-lang/chapel/issues">https://github.com/chapel-lang/chapel/issues</a>

